Numb. 281.

# THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

*Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.*

From April 18. to April 25. 1734.

## SPECTATOR, No. 422.

*Hæc ſcripſi non otii abundantia ſed amoris erga te.*

Tull. Epiſ.

I DO not know any thing which gives greater Diſturbance to Converſation, than the falſe Notion ſome People have of Raillery. It ought certainly to be the firſt Point to be aimed at in Society, to gain the good Will of thoſe with whom you converſe. The Way to that, is to ſhew you are well inclined towards them: What then can be more abſurd, than to ſet up for being extremely ſharp and biting, as the Term is, in your Expreſſions to your Familiars; A Man who has no good Quality but Courage, is in a very ill way towards making an agreeable figure in the World, becauſe that which he has ſuperior to other People cannot be exerted, without raiſing himſelf an *Enemy*. Your Gentleman of a Satyrical Vein is in the like Condition. To ſay a thing which perplexes the Heart of him you ſpeak to, or brings Bluſhes into his Face, is a degree of Murder; and it is, I think an unpardonable Offence to ſhew a Man you do not care, whether he is pleaſed or diſpleaſed. But won't you then take a Jeſt? Yes, but pray let it be a Jeſt. It is no Jeſt to put me, who am ſo unhappy as to have an utter Averſion to ſpeaking to more than one Man at a Time, under a Neceſſity to explain my ſelf in much Company, and reducing me to Shame and Deriſion, except I perform what my infirmity of Silence diſables me to do.

*CALLISTHENES* has great Wit accompanied with that Quality (without which a Man can have no Wit at all) a Sound Judgment. This Gentleman rallies the beſt of any Man I know, for he forms his Ridicule upon a Circumſtance which you are in your Heart not unwilling to grant him, to wit, that you are guilty of an Exceſs in ſomething which is in it ſelf laudable. He very well underſtands what you would be, and needs not fear your Anger for declaring you are a little too much that thing. The Generous will bear being reproached as Laviſh, and the Valiant, Raſh, without being provoked to Reſentment againſt their Monitor. What has been ſaid to be a Mark of a good Writer, will fall in with the Character of a good Companion. The good Writer makes his Reader better pleaſed with himſelf, and the agreeable Man makes his Friends enjoy themſelves, rather than him, while he is in their Company. *Calliſthenes* does this with inimitable Pleaſantry. He whiſpered a Friend the other Day, ſo as to be overheard by a young Officer, who gave Symptoms of Cocking upon the Company, That Gentleman has very much of the Air of a General Officer. The Youth immediately put on a compoſed Behaviour, and behaved himſelf ſuitably to the Conceptions he believed the Company had of him. It is to be allowed that *Calliſthenes*, will make a Man run into impertinent Relations to his own Advantage, and expreſs the Satisfaction he has in his own dear ſelf till he is very ridiculous, but in this caſe the Man is made a Fool by his own Conſent, and not expoſed as ſuch whether he will or no. I take it therefore that to make Raillery agreeable, a Man muſt either not know he is raillied, or think never the worſe of himſelf if he ſees he is.

*ACETUS* is of a quite contrary Genius, and is more generally admired than *Calliſthenes*, but not with Juſtice: *Acetus* has no regard to the Modeſty or Weakneſs of the Perſon he raillies; but if his Quality or Humility gives him any Superiority to the Man he would fall upon, he has no Mercy in making the Onſet. He can be pleaſed to ſee his beſt Friend out of Countenance, while the Laugh is loud in his own Applauſe. His Raillery always puts the Company into little Diviſions and ſeparate Intereſts, while that of *Calliſthenes* cements it, and makes every Man not only better pleaſed with himſelf, but alſo with all the reſt in the Converſation.

To rally well, it is abſolutely neceſſary that Kindneſs muſt run thro' all you ſay, and you muſt ever preſerve the Character of a Friend to ſupport your Pretenſions to be free with a Man. *Acetus* ought to be baniſhed human Society, becauſe he raiſes his Mirth upon giving Pain to the Perſon upon whom he is pleaſant. Nothing but the Malevolence, which is too general towards thoſe who excell, could make his Company tolerated; but they with whom he converſes, are ſure too ſee ſome Man ſacrificed wherever he is admitted, and all the Credit he has for Wit is owing to the Gratification it gives to other Mens Ill-nature.

*MINUTIUS* has a Wit that conciliates a Man's Love, at the ſame that it is exerted againſt his Faults. He has an Art of keeping the Perſon he raillies in Countenance, by inſinuating that he himſelf is guilty of the ſame Imperfection. This he does with ſo much Addreſs, that he ſeems rather to bewail himſelf, than fall upon his Friend.

IT is really monſtrous to ſee how unaccountably it prevails among Men, to take the Liberty of diſpleaſing each other. One would think ſometimes that the Contention is, who ſhall be moſt diſagreeable. Alluſions to paſt Follies, Hints which revive what a Man has a Mind to forget for ever, and deſerves that all the reſt of the World ſhould, are commonly brought forth even in Company of Men of Diſtinction. They do not thruſt with the Skill of Fencers, but cut up with the Barbarity of Butchers. It is, methinks, below the Character of Men of Humanity and Good-manners, to be capable of Mirth while there is any one of the Company in Pain and Diſorder. They who have the true Taſte of Converſation enjoy themſelves in a Communication of each others Excellencies, and not in a Triumph over their Imperfections. *Fortius* would have been reckoned a Wit, if there had never been a Fool in the World: He wants not Foils to be a Beauty, but has that natural Pleaſure in obſerving Perfection in others, that his own Faults are overlooked out of Gratitude by all his Acquaintance.

After theſe ſeveral Characters of Men who ſucceed or fail in Raillery, it may not be amiſs to reflect a little further what one takes to the be moſt agreeable Kind of it; and that to me appears when the Satyr is directed againſt Vice, with an Air of Contempt of the Fault, but no ill-will to the Criminal. Mr. *Congreve's Loris* is a Maſter-piece in this Kind. It is the

the Character of a Woman utterly abandoned, but her Impudence by the fineſt Piece of Raillery is made only Generoſity.

*Peculiar therefore is her Way,*
*Whether by Nature taught,*
*I ſhall not undertake to ſay,*
*Or by Experience bought.*

*For who o'er Night obtain'd her Grace,*
*She can next Day diſown,*
*And ſtare upon the ſtrange Man's Face,*
*As one ſhe ne'er had known.*

*So well ſhe can the Truth diſguiſe,*
*Such artful Wonder frame,*
*The Lover or diſtruſts his Eyes,*
*Or thinks 'twas all a Dream.*

*Some cenſure this as lewd or low,*
*Who are to Bounty blind;*
*But to forget what we beſtow,*
*Beſpeaks a noble Mind*

*Vienna, Dec* 12.

AFFAIRS begin to reſume here a chearful Appearance, every thing concurring at Home to the Emperor's Wiſhes: That the neceſſary Funds for the carrying on the War are already Settled, the new Levy of 20,000 Men in the Heredіary Countries perfected, and a new one of 40,000 commenced, in order to compleat the Infantry to 2,600 Men per Regiment, the Horſe to 1,096, and the Huſſars to 1,000: That His *Imperial* Majeſty's Forces, including 12 new Regiments, which are at preſent raiſing with great Succeſs, will ſhortly conſiſt of 55 Regiments of Foot, making about 143,000 Men; 36 of Horſe, making 39,456 Men, and 9 of Huſſars containing 1000 each; In all *One hundred eighty-five thouſand four hundred fifty ſix.*

*Hamburgh, Dec.* 15: The Elector of Saxony's Secretary who reſided here, ſet out Yeſterday Morning for *Copenhagen*, and it is reported that he is charged with a Commiſſion to negotiate for ſome Troops or Ships at the Court of *Denmark*.

*Leipſick, Dec.* 17. We have Advice, that King *Auguſtus* arrived the 12th Inſt. at *Croſſen*, upon the Frontiers of *Sileſia* and continued the Rout of *Breſlau*. It is thought his Majeſty will halt a little before he enters *Poland*, at leaſt till his Troops, in Conjunction with the Ruſſians, ſhall have diſlodged the Crown Forces from *Cracow*. That Prince brings a fine Crown with him from *Dreſden*, in Caſe the Regalia ſhould happen to be ſpirited from the Treaſury of *Cracow*.

*Paris, Dec.* 18. We are actually fitting out at different Ports of this Kingdom, 55 Ships of the Line, beſides Frigates, Gallies, &c. This Fleet is to Rendezvous at *Breſt* and is ſaid to be deſigned for the *Baltick*, to cover the Tranſport of ſome Troops which a certain Power there is to ſend to King *Staniſlaus*. That the King is determined to head his Army in Perſon on the Rhine, as ſoon as the Spring gives Leave for the Campaign to open.

*Dec* 19. N. S. No Time is loſt in repairing & augmenting our Navy, though it is thought we ſhall not ſend a Fleet to Sea, only fit out a Squadron or two.

The *Emperor* has deſired the *States-General* to lend him *Twelve Millions* of Florins, upon a Mortgage of the *Auſtrian Netherlands*; but the *Republick deſired to be Excuſed.*

*Dec.* 23. N. S. We have received Advice from *Leghorn*, That the Rebels of *Corſica* have taken up Arms again, that they had defeated a Body of 3000 Genoezes, and erected the Standard of *Arragon*. Our laſt Letters from *Pizzighitone* adviſe, That the Imperialiſts had evacuated that Place; and the King of *Sardinia* and the Marſhal de Villars were gone from *Cremona*, to form the Siege of the Citadel of *Milan*. Advice being brought, that ſome Imperial Troops had lately appeared on the other ſide of the Rhine, and that they had even approached the new Works at Fort *Louis*, though without undertaking any thing; Orders are ſent to ſome Troops to canton along that River.

The RESOLUTIONS of the *States* of *Holland*.

I *Gave you an Account in my laſt of the Reſolution of the* States General, *paſſed by way of Anſwer to the Memorials Count* Sinzdenorff *the imperial Miniſter, had preſented them. I have now to tell you; That the ſaid Reſolution was received by his Excellency with great Surprize and Diſſatisfaction, and that the Deputies having made Report thereof to their High Mightineſſes, thoſe Gentlemen thought proper to ſoften the Affair; and accordingly inviting the ſaid Count, together with his new Colleague, the* Count d'Ulefeldt, *to a Conference on* Wedneſday *laſt, their High Mightineſſes inſtructed their Deputies to acquaint them,* " *That for* " *their Parts they did not mean to give the* Emperor *any cauſe of* " *Complaint, proteſting that if they would acquit themſelves punctual-* " *ly of the Engagements they are under to his Imperial Majeſty* " *by Vertue of the Treaties of* 1717, *that of the Barrier, and that* " *alſo of* Vienna, *and that they ſhould never be found remiſs in any* " *reſpect, that his Imperial Majeſty had no room to complain* " *if the Republick did not fly immediatly to his Succour, ſince* " *it has not yet been ſufficiently proved to them, that the preſent* " *Caſe is included in any Treaty of Alliance or Guaranty concluded* " *between his Imperial Majeſty and their High Mightineſſes ſince* " *the Peace of* Utrecht; *That it ought not to be thence concluded* " *that their High Mightineſſes have leſs at Heart the Intereſt of* " *his Imperial Majeſty, of his Auguſt Houſe, or the Preſervation* " *of the Ballance of Power, than formerly; and that they have* " *given a conſpicuous Proof of a contrary Diſpoſition, in putting the* " Netherlands *by the Treaty of Neutrality, under ſhelter from all* " *Dangers.*

The Deputies then added in a particular Tone, Gentlemen,

" *YOU may aſſure his* Imperial Majeſty, *That his Alliance* " *is ſo Valuable to us, that we will never ſuffer that the Houſe of* " Auſtria *ſhould be depreſſed; and if Things ſhould be tending to that* " *Point, We will ſhew the World how oppoſite We are to any* " *ſuch Scheme, and how great an Affection We bear to his Imperial* " *Majeſty.*

After this Conference was over, the ſame Deputies had another with Mr. *Finch*, to whom they communicated what had paſſed before with the Imperial Miniſters, and then told his Excellency, " *That as all Engagements to the* Emperor " *were common between them and his* Britannick Majeſty; *his* " *Excellency might aſſure his* Britannick Majeſty, *that their* " *High Mightineſſes would always act in concert with him in every* " *thing that concerned the* Emperor, *and in Performance of their* " *Engagements, and that their High Mightineſſes hoped his* " Britannick Majeſty *would do the ſame on his Side.*

*London, Dec.* 18, 20, *and* 22. They write from the *Hague*, that the Imperialiſts charge the Dutch with being the Abettors, if not the Authors of the French Expedition into Italy, alledging, that they never would dar'd to undertake it if the Republick had not made the Propoſition to France for a Neutrality.

We hear that Yeſterday their Majeſties were pleaſed to declare at the Levee at St. *James's* to the Nobility there preſent, That the Marriage of his Highneſs the *Prince of Orange*, with the *Princeſs Royal*, would be Solemnized as in the Manner firſt intended, and that Notice ſhould be given them by the Lord Chamberlain.

(20.) The Advices from *Poland* by two *Holland* Mails are ſo contradictory, that there is no knowing what to believe, except that the Country is in a miſerable Condition, by Plundering on all ſides; and the *Ruſſians* & *Saxons* appear determined after the Coronation of King *Auguſtus*, to march together to *Dantzick*, to force King *Staniſlaus* to retire elſewhere.

The new Levies in the Empire go on with ſuch Succeſs, that the Emperor propoſes with his own and Auxiliary Troops to act offenſively both in *Italy* and on the Rhine.

The *Spaniards* which lately landed at *Leghorn* are marching to begin the Attack of Fort *Aula*, wherein is an Imperial Garriſon.

The Confederates propoſe after *Milan* is taken, to Detach 20,000 Men to Attack *Naples*.

'Tis aſſured from *Vienna* that the Empreſs is with Child; and from *Paris* that the Queen of *France* is *again* with Child.

Some Letters from *Vienna* mention, that Privateers were fitted out in all the Imperial Ports in the Mediterranean to cruize on the *French* and *Spaniards*.

The *French* on the other Hand, are equipping 35 Ships of War & Frigots, and threaten if the Emperor offers to put the King of *Sardinia* and *Don Carlos* in the Ban of the Empire, to keep Poſſeſſion of *Lorrain*, and declare that Prince a *Vaſſal of France*.

The Price of Wheat is riſen to 32*ſ* per Quarter, the Demand for it Abroad ſtill continuing, and 4,000 Quarters more were Exported Yeſterday.

It is advised from *Paris*, by a *French* Mail yesterday, That the King of *Spain*'s Manifesto against the Emperor has been transmitted to the Court of *France*, wherein he charges the Emperor with subverting the Liberties of *Poland*, under the pretext of maintaining them, in the Case of the late Election, with seizing the Dutchies of *Parma* by force of Arms, and offering the highest insults to *Don Carlos*, such as tended to prevent the Succession, in Violating of the solemn Treaties, and rejecting all the Propositions made by the King of *Great Britain*, at the Request of his Catholick Majesty, to accommodate these Differences, &c. and on the 23d *Te Deum* was sung at *Notre Dame*, and the Cannon of the City of *Paris* and the Arsenal were discharged for the Success of the Arms of the Allies in *Italy*.

That 15,000 *French* had repassed the *Rhine* and were followed by other Troops, for Defence of their new Works of Communication against the Imperialists; and that 15 Men of War, and 30 Transports were sailed from *Barcelona* with more Troops for *Legborn*, and that the rest were getting ready with all Expedition.

By a *Holland* Mail this Day it is advised, that 30,000 Imperialists advanced to the *Rhine* have roused the *French* in such a Manner, a bloody Action is expected this Winter.

That the Affairs of *Poland* continue in a miserable Condition by the Plundering on both Sides, and the *Czarina* 'tis said, has resolved to send more Force into that Kingdom, to see King *AUGUSTUS* effectually settled on the Throne.

The Siege of the Castle of *Milan* begun the 11th Inst. and the Confederates believe it cannot hold out long for want of Water and Provisions.

As to our Naval Preparations, the Admiralty ordered last Thursday 10 Ships War more to be Careened and got ready for Sea with all Speed, to form another Squadron if need be.

The Prince of *ORANGE* was yesterday at Court about two Hours, and 'tis talk'd his Highness is going to Bath to Use the Waters.

*The following is a genuine Copy of the late Treaty of Neutrality, concluded at the* Hague, *between the most* Christian King *and the* States General *of the united Provinces.*

*CONVENTION between his most* Christian Majesty *and their* High Mightinesses *for the Neutrality of the* Netherlands.

'THEIR High Mightinesses having represented to his Most Christian Majesty in their Resolution of the 26th of *August* last, that whereas they are no ways concerned, either directly or indirectly in the Affairs of *Poland*, and are moreover determined to take no Part therein, nor to interfere in the Broils thence resulting; their High Mightinesses hope that his Most Christian Majesty will consent, that the *Austrian Netherlands*, of which the Emperor is at present in Possession, and which serve as a Barrier to their Republick, may be exempted from the War broke out on Occasion of the *Polish Affairs*; Wherefore his most Christian Majesty, to give their High Mightinesses Proof of the Acceptableness of their Conduct, and of his Design to contribute to the Security they endeavour to procure themselves, has delared, and doth hereby declare, that he will not any ways molest the *Austrian Netherlands*, of which the Emperor is at present in Possession, and which according to several Treaties, ought to serve for a Barrier to the Republick; provided however, that his most Christian Majesty may be at Liberty to repel any Hostilities that shall be committed by the Troops of his Imperial Majesty in the *Austrian Netherlands*, and in such Manner as to give no Wounds to the stipulated Neutrality: and without View to gain any Footing or Settlement whatsoever in the said Countries, may Garrison his Frontiers, and employ for that purpose all the Methods necessary, and agreeable to the Rights and Usages of War. On the other Part, their High Mightinesses declare, that they will have no Share in the Affairs of *Poland*, nor the Differences which the said Affairs either have caused, or may cause in *Europe*; the whole nevertheless without Prejudice to the Alliances they have subsisting with the Emperor, as they have others from *France*, and from which Alliances, neither on one side nor the other do their High Mightinesses pretend to swerve: declaring further, that they will not omit their best Offices, for averting any Attempt that may tend to disturb the Repose of the Austrian Netherlands, and that they will not assist the Emperor in any such Affair, either with Troops, or in any other manner.

'This Convention, or Act of Neutrality, shall be ratified by his most Christian Majesty, and their High Mightinesses within the Space of two Months or sooner.

*In Witness whereof, the Embassador,* &c. *and Deputies,* &c. *have set thereto their Hands and Seals*

*Done at the* Hague, *the 24th of* Nov. 1733. *N. S.*

*Amsterdam, Dec* 18. N. S. They write from *Dresden*, That King *Augustus* III. set out thence the 9th, designing to go to *Cracow*, by the way of *Bresla* and *Tarnowitz*; that the Queen is to set out the 2d of next Month with Prince Xavier her Son; and the Princess Amelia; that her Majesty is to be accompanied by the Princess Wiesnowieski and some other Polish Ladies who are shortly expected there; and that the King had given M. Ludovici his Life.

*Paris Dec.* 12. N. S. By the Advices we have received from Italy it is reckoned that the greatest Part of the Troops which the King of Spain was to send thither, were arrived; and they daily expected the rest of the Land Forces who embarked at Barcelona.

The King has been appriſed by the Count de Croy, Ayde-de Camp to the Marshal Duke de Villars, that the Fort of Garra d'Adda surrendered the 28th past.

## LONDON.

*His* MAJESTY's *most gracious* SPEECH *to both Houses of Parliament, on Thursday,* Jan. 17. 1733.

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

THE War, which is now begun, and carried on, against the *Emperor*, with so much Vigour by the United Powers of *France*, *Spain* and *Sardinia*, is become the Object of the Care and Attention of all *Europe*; and though I am no ways engaged in it, and have had no part, except by my good Offices, in those Transactions which have been declared to be the Principal Causes and Motives of it, I cannot sit regardless of the present Events, or be unconcerned for the future Consequences of a War, undertaken and supported by so powerful an Alliance.

If ever any Occasion required more than ordinary Prudence and Circumspection, the present calls upon Us to use Our utmost Precaution, not to determine too hastily upon so critical and important a Conjuncture, but to consider thoroughly what the Honour and Dignity of My Crown and Kingdoms, the true Interest of My People, and the Engagements We are under to the several Powers We are in Alliance with, may, in Justice and Prudence, require of Us.

I have therefore thought it proper to take time to examine the Facts alledged on both Sides, and to wait the Result of the Councils of those Powers, that are more nearly and immediately interested in the Consequences of the War, and to concert with those Allies, who are under the same Engagements with Me, and have not taken Part in the War (more particularly the States General of the United Provinces) such Measures as shall be thought most adviseable for Our common Safety, and for restoring the Peace of *Europe*.

The Resolutions of the *British* Parliament, in so nice a Juncture, are of too great Moment not to be carefully attended to, and impatiently expected, by all, and not least by those, who will hope to take Advantage from your Determinations, whatever they shall be, and to turn them to the Prejudice of this Kingdom. It must therefore be thought most safe and prudent, thoroughly to weigh and consider all Circumstances, before we come to a final Determination.

As I shall have, in all my Considerations upon this great and important Affair, the strictest Regard to the Honour of my Crown, and the Good of my People, and be governed by no other Views, I can make no doubt, but that I may entirely depend on the Support and Assistance of my Parliament, without exposing my Self, by any precipitate Declarations, to such Inconveniencies, as ought, as far as possible, to be avoided.

In the mean time, I am persuaded, you will make such Provisions, as shall secure my Kingdoms, Rights, and Possessions, from all Dangers and Insults, and maintain the Respect due to the *British* Nation: Whatever Part it may, in the End, be most reasonable for Us to act, it will, in all Views, be necessary, when all *Europe* is preparing for Arms, to put Ourselves in a proper Posture of Defence.

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As this will beſt preſerve the Peace of the Kingdom, ſo it will give Us a due Weight and Influence, in whatever Meaſures We ſhall take, in Conjunction with Our Allies: But ſhould the Defence of the Nation not be ſufficiently provided for, it would make Us diſregarded Abroad, and may prove a Temptation and Encouragement to the deſperate Views of thoſe, who never fail to flatter themſelves with the Hopes of great Advantages from Publick Troubles and Diſorders.

*Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,*

I ſhall order the Eſtimates to be laid before you, of ſuch Services as require your preſent and immediate Care. The Augmentation, which will be propoſed for the Sea Service, will be very conſiderable, but I am confident, it will be thought by you reaſonable and neceſſary. I muſt particularly recommend to your Care the Debt of the Navy, which has every Year been laid before you, but from the preſent Circumſtances of the Times I believe, you will think it now requires ſome Proviſion to be made for it, which cannot well be longer poſtponed, without manifeſt Detriment to the publick Service.

As theſe extraordinary Charges and Expenees are unavoidable, I make no Doubt, but you will effectually raiſe the Supplies neceſſary for defraying of them. with that Readineſs and Diſpatch, and with that juſt Regard to the true Intereſt of My People, which this Parliament has hitherto ſhewn upon all Occaſions.

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

It is at all times to be wiſhed, that the Buſineſs of Parliament might be carried on free from Heats and Animoſities, and with that Temper, which becomes the Juſtice and Wiſdom of the Nation: At this Time it is more particularly to be deſired, that this Seſſion may not be protracted by unneceſſary Delays when the whole Kingdom ſeems prepared for the Election of a new Parliament; an Event which imploys the Attention of all *Europe*. And I am very well pleaſed, that this Opportunity offers of taking again the Senſe of my People in the Choice of a new Repreſentative, that the World may ſee how much their true Sentiments have been miſtaken or or miſrepreſented: thoſe who ſee and hear only at a Diſtance, may eaſily be impoſed upon, and from thence conceive falſe Hopes or Fears; but I am confident a little Time will effectually remove all groundleſs Surmiſes, and it will found, that *Great Britain* is always ready to act that Part, which the Honour and Intereſt of the Nation calls upon them to undertake.

*The Addreſſes of the Lords and Commons in Anſwer to this* Speech *will be inſerted in our next.*

*Cuſtom-Houſe*, New-York, *April* 22. *Entred In.*

Sloop Eliz. and Sloop Sarah from Bermuda.

*Entred Out.* Sloop John & Mary for North-Carolina.

*Cleared* Scooner Judith & Rebecca, for Delaware, Sloop Wheel of Fortune to Boſton, Ship Vineyard to Amboy, Brigt. Charming Betty to Coracoa, Sloop John & Mary to North-Carolina.

*Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia. Entred in.*

Brigt. Meridian, Samuel Farra from Madera.
Scooner Catharine, William Philips from Fyall.

*Entred out.* Sloop Elizabeth, Joſ. Darrel for Jamaica.
------Sea Nymph, Thomas Gilbert for Antigua.
Scooner Jolly Batchellor, Ja. Mac'Dowel for Providence.
Brigt. William, Robert Hall for Barbadoes.

*Cleared.* Brigt. Mulberry, Martin Ball to Antigua.
------ William & Margaret, Geo. Davis to Gibraltar.
Ship Ranger, William Heaſelton to Jamaica.
Scooner Dolphin, Hugh Crawford to South-Carolina.

## *PHILADELPHIA, April 25.*

We hear *via* Boſton, that a Veſſel for Philadelphia, ſailed from London a Week before 3 Veſſels which arrived there in 8 Weeks Paſſage.

We have ſome Papers from Carolina of the 6th Inſtant which ſay nothing of a Sickneſs there as mention'd in our laſt.

# Advertiſements.

*VEry good Live Geeſe Feathers to be ſold at the Printers hereof.*

*THE Subſcribers to the Library in Philade'phia are hereby adverti ſed, that Monday the 6th of* May *enſuing, at Two in the Afternoon, is the Time appointed for the Choice of Directors and a Treaſurer for the ſucceeding Year, and for making the ſecond annual Payment, at the Houſe of* John Roberts *in High-ſtreet near the Market.* J. Breintnal, *Secr.*

*LOST in the Hurry of Removing Goods at the late Fire, a large ſtriking Watch, with a braſs inſide Caſe and a ſilver out ſide Caſe with round Holes to let the Sound through, both Parts of the movement going by one Spring,* R. ARNOLD, Providence, *engrav'd upon the Dial Plate, with a Leather ſtring, and a braſs key and ſeal. Whoever will bring it to* Richard Smith, *Engineer, in ſecond-ſtreet, near the Dock, ſhall have* Twenty Shillings *Reward, and no Queſtions ask'd.*

Richard Smith.

## For BARBADOES,

*THE Brigantine* William, *Robert Hall Maſter, having two Thirds of her Cargo already engag'd, will ſail with all Expedition. For Freight or Paſſage agree with the ſaid Maſter, at Mr. Fiſhbourn's Wharff.*

*RUN away the 20th of this Inſtant April, from* Daniel Davis *of* Chicheſter, (*or Marcus-Look*) *Sawyer, a ſervant man named* Joſeph Millwater, *alias* Grimes, *of low ſtature, well ſet, aged near* 40 *Years, ſhort brown Hair, a flat Noſe, can ſaw, and has been us'd to ſpin. Had on a Felt Hat about half worn, a light-coloured Tammey Jacket lin'd with a ſnuff-colour'd Tammey, a pair of old leather Breeches, light coloured worſted ſtockings, ſharp toed ſhoes with low heels, and a ſhirt made of Homeſpun Linnen not waſh'd. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and brings him to his ſaid Maſter, or ſecures him ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have* Three Pounds *Reward, and all reaſonable Charges paid, by* Daniel Davis.

*Lately printed, and ſold by the Printer hereof,*

*THE Shorter Catechiſm of the Aſſembly of* Divines, with the Proofs at large. Price 4 s. per Doz. or 6 d. ſingle.

*TO be ſold by Philip Ringo, a Stone-Houſe and Lott, containing Three Quarters of an Acre of Land or there about; alſo another Lott of Land with an Orchard, containing about Nine Acres, both which Lotts are ſcituated in* Trenton *in* New-Jerſey. *Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſame, or any of them, may apply to the aforeſaid* Philip Ringo *in* Amwell, *or* Cornelius Ringo *in* Trenton, *and know the Terms of Sale.*

*RUN away from* Daniel Quigley, Burlington, *a Servant Man named* Michael Mc'Dermot, *about* 25 *years of Age of ſmall Stature, black Hair, dark Complexion, and down Look.*

*Had on an old felt Hat, brown Coat much worn and no Jacket, ozenbrigs Shirt, Breeches of Indian Dreſs Leath without Buttons on the Knees, but Strings, ; yarn Stockings, & ſtrong Shoes. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that Maſter may have him again, ſhall have* Twenty Shilling *Reward and reaſonable Charges paid, by* Daniel Quigley

*A SMALL Shallop well fitted, about* 25 Foot Keel, to be ſold by *William Patterſon*, or *William Danforth*, at *Chriſtine-Bridge*; or when in Town, at the Widow *Campions* in *Water-Street.*

*RUN away the 5th of this Inſtant* March, from James Boyd of Cheſter County, and Townſhip of Sudsbury, a Servant Man named John Edwards, he is a ſmall, ſhort, thin Fellow, black Complexion, had on when he went away a browniſh coloured Homeſpun Coat, with a Linnen Cinnamon coloured Jacket, an old fine Shirt, old Cloth Breeches, old Worſted Stockings and new Shoes. He took with him a falling Ax, he has alſo a ſore Leg that was cut with an Ax. Any Perſon that can apprehend, or ſecure the ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Twenty Shillings* Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by me *James Boyd.*

*READY MONEY for old* RAGS, *may be had of the Printer hereof.*

*PHILADELPHIA:* Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New Printing Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.